

GHS COMPLIANT

Fiber Protector

Part No. F7116CT Aerosol

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SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

F7116CT Product Number(s) **Product Name** Fiber Protector

Other Means of Identification None

Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Identified Uses Fabric Protection **Restrictions On Use** None identified

24 hr Emergency **Phone Number**

800-255-3924

(Chem-Tel - Contract #MIS001566)

Manufacturer Details		Supplier Details	
Manufacturer Name	Chem-Pak, Inc.	Supplier Name	Fiber Protector America LLC
Address	242 Corning Way Martinsburg WV 25405	Address	1100 Jones Street PO Box 3597 Little Rock AR 72202
Phone Number	800-336-9828	Phone Number	501-374-4402
Fax Number	304-262-9643	Fax Number	

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS/CLP (1272/2008) Classification of the Substance or Mixture

H	IEALTH	HAZARDS				PHYSICAL HAZARDS				
Acute Tox. Oral		Mutagenicity		Unstable Explosive		Refrigerated Liq. Gas		Pyrophoric Solid		
Acute Tox. Skin		Carcinogenicity		Explosive		Flammable Liquid		Emits Flammable Gas		
Acute Tox. Inhalation		Tox. to Reproduction		Flammable Gas		Flammable Solid		Oxidizing Liquid		
Skin Irritation		STOT SE	3	Aerosol	1	Self-Reactive Sub.		Oxidizing Solid		
Eye Irritation	2A	STOT RE		Oxidizing Gas		Pyrophoric Liquid		Organic Peroxide		
Resp. Sensitization		Aspiration Hazard		Gas Under Pressure		Self-Heating Substance		Corrosive to Metal		
Skin Sensitization					ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS					
				Aquatic Acute		Aquatic Chronic		Ozone Depleting		

GHS/CLP (1272/2008) Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms





NFPA / HMIS Classification

Signal Word

Hazard Statements Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

General Keep out of reach of children.



Storage

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Prevention Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open

flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

ResponseIF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse

cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards None known

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

' D		CAS	EC	INDEX	% WT
ID	INGREDIENT	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	RANGE
1	Isopropanol	0000067-63-0	200-661-7	603-17-00-0	60 - 100
2	Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0068476-86-8	270-705-8	649-203-00-1	15 - 40
3	N-Butyl Acetate	0000123-86-4	204-658-1	607-025-00-1	1-5

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of First-Aid Measures

Eye Contact Immediately flush with clear water for at least 15 minutes, including under the eyelids. Consult a doctor.

Skin Contact Remove with soap and water, rinsing and repeating for 15 minutes. Use skin cream to counter any resulting dryness.

Consult a physician if irritation continues. If large skin area is affected, remove contaminated clothing.

IngestionDo not induce vomiting! Immediately have the victim drink plenty of water. Do not give milk or digestible oils. Keep airways

free. Contact a physician. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, unconscious, or

convulsing.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention

if symptoms persist or if unconscious.

First-Aid Responder Protection Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Eye Contact Liquid contact may cause pain along with moderate eye irritation.

Skin Contact Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation. Repeated contact may cause drying or flaking of skin. May

cause more severe response if confined to skin.

Ingestion Due to being an aerosol, the product does not lend itself to ingestion. Should ingestion occur, it may cause irritation to

membranes of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract resulting in vomiting and/or cramps. Aspiration of vomit into

the lungs may cause inflammation, and possible chemical pneumonitis, bronchopneumonia, or pulmonary odema.

Inhalation Prolonged or repeated overexposure is anesthetic. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, or acute nervous system

depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion or death. Irritation of the mucous membranes,

coughing, and dyspnea are also possible.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

Specific Treatments/Antidotes Details on specific treatments and/or antidotes are not available.

Immediate Medical Attention No information available.



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SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media Water, CO2, dry chemical, or universal aqueous film forming foam

Unsuitable Media Water jet

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Decomposition ProductsDecomposition products may include oxides of carbon (CO, CO2), smoke, and/or vapors.

Hazards from the Product Contents extremely flammable and under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result

in container bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to ignition an source.

Mechanical Impact Sensitivity Mechanical impact may cause aerosol can to rupture, resulting in a rapid release of its contents. In the presence of an

ignition source the liquid and/or vapor content may be ignited.

Static Discharge Sensitivity Vapor within the flammable limits may be ignited by a static discharge of sufficient energy.

Special Protection Actions for Fire-Fighters

Protective ActionsUse water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat developed pressure.

Protective Equipment Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep

unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove ignition sources and

provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Responders

Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency personnel above.

Environmental Precautions

Precautions Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be contained with

oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents. DO NOT use combustible material such as sawdust.

Cleanup ProceduresSpills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered

a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use

non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other InformationAerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture contents are

generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be incinerated or burned. See Section 13 for disposal.

Prohibited MaterialsCombustible absorbent material such as sawdust, use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not

incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation,

opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Wash hands after use.

Hygiene Recommendations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing

and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.



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Conditions for Safe Storage Including And Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55 °C (120 °F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in

a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA

30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended. This product is classified as a Level 3 Aerosol.

Incompatibilities Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

			CAN	ADA						UNITED STATES			
ID	AUSTRALIA	ALBERTA	BC	ONTARIO	QUEBEC	GERMANY	JAPAN	MEXICO	UK	1		NIOSH	ACGIH
	TWA	OEL	TWA	TWAEV	TWAEV TWA		OEL	MPEL-PTA	WEL	PEL	REL	IDLH	TLV
1	400 ppm	400 ppm	200 ppm	200 ppm	400 ppm	500 mg/m3	400 ppm	400 pm	200 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm	2000 ppm	200 ppm
2	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	2000 ppm	1000 ppm
3	150 ppm	150 ppm	20 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	480 mg/m3	100 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	1700 ppm	150 ppm

Biological Exposure Indices

	ID	DETERMINANT	SAMPLING TIME	BEI	NOTATION
Ī	1	Acetone in urine	End of shift at end of workweek	40 mg/L	Ns, B

Other Control Parameters Not available.

Appropriate Engineering Control

Engineering Measures Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation

rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to

control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene ConsiderationsAvoid breathing vapors and contact with the skin and eyes. Always replace overcap when not in use. Keep out the reach

of children. Wash hands after use.

Thermal Hazards This product does not present a thermal hazard.

Respiratory Protection An approved respirator with organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne

concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits. If respirators are needed, in the United States

 $compliance\ with\ OSHA\ standard\ 29\ CFR\ 1910.134\ is\ necessary.$

Skin Protection For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated

contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Eye/Face Protection Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye

 $contact\ with\ this\ material\ could\ occur,\ chemical\ splash\ proof\ goggles\ are\ recommended.$

Other Protective Equipment Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point	> 82.2 °C (180.0 °F)	Melting / Freezing Point	>-88.0°C(-126.4°F)
Flash Point, Liquid	> 11.0 °C (51.8 °F)	Flash Point, Propellant	-82.8°C (-117.0°F)
Explosive Limits	1.70% to 12.00%	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	399.0°C (750.2°F)
Flammability	Extremely Flammable Aerosol	Relative Density (H2O = 1)	0.716 g/cc
Molecular Weight	Not Available	Weight	5.972 lbs/gal
Vapor Pressure	45.98 psig	рH	Not Available
Vapor Density	2.070 g/cc Maximum	Evaporation Rate	Not Available
Form	Pressurized Product	Partition Coefficient	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available	Refractive Index	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Heat of Combustion	Not Available



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Odor Mild Water Solubility Not Available Appearance / Color Clear, colorless **Decomposition Temperature** Not Available

Percent Volatile 99% Wt (99% Vol) Max VOC Content 5.892 lbs/gal (705.907 g/L)

99% Wt (99% Vol) Max HAP Content Percent VOC None Maximum Incremental Reactivity Solids/Non Volatile Content 2% Wt (2% Vol) Max 0.821 g O3/g

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

Chemical Stability This product is stable.

Hazardous Reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, and red hot metal.

Acetaldehyde, Alkali Metals, Aluminum, Chlorine, Chlorine Dioxide, Ethylene Oxide, Isocyanates, Nitrates, Potassium Material Incompatibility

Tert-Butoxide, Strong Acids, Strong Oxidizing Agents, Trinitromethane

Decomposition Products Oxides of Carbon, Acetic Acid, n-Butanol may be formed depending on fire conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

ID	ORAL LD50		DERMAL LD50		INHALATION LC50				
טו	VALUE	SPECIES	VALUE	SPECIES	VALUE	TIME	SPECIES		
1	4720 mg/kg	rat	12890 mg/kg	rabbit	17000 ppm	4h	rat		
2	-	_	-	-	57.42% v/v	_	mice		
3	13100 mg/kg	rat	>14100 mg/kg	rabbit	>21 mg/L	4h	rat		

Skin Corrosion/Irritation None of the ingredients are known to be corrosive to the skin or cause skin irritation.

Eye Damage/Irritation Isopropanol causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory Irritation None of the ingredients are known to cause respiratory irritation. Respiratory or Skin Sensitization None of the ingredients are known to cause sensitization.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity None of the ingredients are known or suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogen Data None of the ingredients are known or suspected carcinogens. Reproductive Toxicity None of the ingredients are known to cause reproductive harm. STOT-Single Exposure Isopropanol, N-Butyl Acetate may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-Repeated Exposure None of the ingredients are known to cause specific target organ effects through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard None of the ingredients are known to be an aspiration hazard.

Information on the Likely Routes of Exposure

Routes of Exposure Skin contact, skin absorption, eye contact, inhalation.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics

Symptoms of Exposure Asphyxia, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Dry Cracking Skin, Skin Irritation, Throat Irritation, Upper Respiratory System Irritation

Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure

Delayed Effects No known delayed effects. **Immediate Effects** No known immediate effects.

Chronic Effects Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with irreversible brain and nervous

system damage (sometimes referred to as "Solvent or Painter's Syndrome"). Intentional misuse by concentrating and

inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

Medical Conditions Aggravated May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.



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Target Organs Central Nervous System, Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin

Interactive Effects

Synergistic Effects No known synergistic effects.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

- 10		FISH			INVERTEBRATES			AQUATIC PLANTS		MICROORGANISMS			
ID	TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	TYPE	PE VALUE		TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	TYPE	VALUE	PERIOD	
1	LC50	9460 mg/L	96h	EC50	50 >10000 mg/L		EC50	EC50 >1000 mg/L		LOEC 4930 mg/L		72h	
3	LC50	62 mg/L	96h	EC50	C50 72.8 mg/L		EC50	EC50 675 mg/L		EC50	959 mg/L	18h	

Ecological Data

ID		PERSISTENCE AND	DEGRADABILITY		BIOACCUMULA	MOBILITY	
ID	PERSISTENCE	BOD	BOD COD ThOD		Pow / Kow	BCF	Кос
1	_	_	_	2400 mg/g	0.05 log Kow	3.162 log BCF	0.122 log Koc
3	_	520 mg/g	2320 mg/g	2207 mg/g	1.804 log Pow	1.14 log BCF	2.35 log Koc

Other Adverse Effects No additional information available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility

of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective

national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal of Packaging In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the

definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under

all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions Not Available

** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE ** **Incineration Precautions**

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

	UNITED STATES DOT	INTERNATIONAL AIR ICAO/IATA	INTERNATIONAL OCEAN IMDG	UNITED NATIONS ADR	CANADA TDG
ID Number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name	Quantity Limit		Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity
Hazard Class(es)	Class(es) 2.1 2.1		2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing Group	_	_	_	_	_
Environmental Hazards	No	No	No	No	No
Special Precautions	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable



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Additional Shipping Details

Not available.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States - Federal

Regulations

	TSCA	SARA 302						SARA 311/312	CLEAN A	CLEAN			
ID	LISTED	EHS TPQ	RCRA	CERCLA	SARA 313	FIRE REACTIVITY ACUTE CHRONIC PRESSURE					HAP	SOCMI	WATER ACT
1	Yes	_	_	_	71%	Yes	_	Yes	_	_	_	_	_
2	Yes	_	_	_	_	Yes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
3	Yes	_	-	5000	-	Yes	_	Yes	_	-	-	_	5000

United States - State Regulations

	CA	DE	MA	ı	ME		MN		NJ	NY			PA	WA	WI	WV
ID	P-65	RQ	RTK CODES	TYPE	RQ	RTK	AIR	WATER	RTK	AIR	LAND	ACUTE	LISTED	PEL TWA	TABLE	TAP
1	_	-	2,4,5,6 F9	_	2000	ANO	_	_	Yes	_	_	_	Yes-E	400 ppm	_	_
3	_	5000	2,4,5,6 F8	_	2000	AO	_	_	_	5000	100	_	Yes-E	150 ppm	_	_

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS CATEGORIES						CHEMICAL LISTS						
ID	Α	В	С	D1A	D1B	D2A	D2B	D3	E	F	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
1	_	В2	_	_	_	_	X	_	_	_	Yes	_	1A, 5
2	Χ	B1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Yes	_	_
3	_	В2	_	_	_	_	Χ	_	_	_	Yes	_	5

CPR Notice

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Classification WHMIS Symbols

A, B5, D2B







European Union Regulations

	1907/2006	1999/45/EC or 67/548/EEC	1272/2008 CLP			
ID	SVHC	CLASSIFICATION	HAZARD CODES	PICTOGRAM CODES	SUPPL. CODES	
1	_	F, Xi	H225,H319,H336	GHS02,GHS07,Dgr	_	
2	-	F+	H220	GHS02,Dgr	_	
3	_	_	H226,H336	GHS02,GHS07,Wng	EUH066	

<u>Classification According to EU Directive 1999/45/EC or 67/548/EEC</u> (see Section 16 for full text)

Pictograms





Risk Phrases 12-36-66-67 Safety Phrases 2-16-24/25-26



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International Regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention

None of the ingredients are listed on the convention's schedules.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Full Text of EU Phrases and Precautionary Statements

Tan Text of 20 Thrades and Treatments				
CODE	HAZARD STATEMENTS			
H222	Extremely Flammable aerosol.			
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.			
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Н336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			

CODE	SUPPLEMENTAL HAZARDS
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

CODE	PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

CODE	RISK PHRASES
R 12	Extremely flammable.
R 36	Irritating to eyes.
R 66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

CODE	SAFETY PHRASES
S 2	Keep out of reach of children.
S 16	Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking.
S 24/25	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
S 26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

SDS Revision History

Revision 1, 07/18/2013 Original in GHS Version 4 Format

Disclaimer of Liability

The information contained herein is based upon data provided to us by our suppliers, and reflects our best judgement. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data, or the results to be obtained from use thereof. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the persons receiving it shall make their own determinations of the suitability of the material for any particular use. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards that exist.

References and Sources

CAMEO Database of Hazardous Materials (http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov) CHEMpendium Database (http://ccinfoweb.ccohs.ca/chempendium/search.html)

ChemSpider Chemical Database (http://chemspider.com)

European Chemical Substances Information System (http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu)

European Chemicals Agency (http://echa.europa.eu)

International Chemical Safety Cards (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ipcs/ipcscard.html)

IUCLID Chemical Data Sheets Information System (http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu/index.php?PGM=dat)

Merck Chemical Database (http://www.merckmillipore.co.uk/chemicals) NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/)

Right to Know Hazardous Substance Fact Sheets (http://web.doh.state.nj.us/rtkhsfs/indexfs.aspx)

RTECS Database (http://ccinfoweb.ccohs.ca/rtecs/search.html) SOLV-DB, Solvent Database (http://solvdb.ncms.org/solvdb.htm) Toxic Substances Portal (http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/toxprofiles/index.asp)

TOXNet (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov)

Abbreviations Used

ACGIH American Conference of Industrial Hygienists **BCF** Bioconcentration Factor ADR European Agreement ... International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road BEI Biological Exposure Index



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BOD CA CERCLA CFR CLP COD CPR DE	Biochemical Oxygen Demand California Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (USA) Code of Federal Regulations (USA) Classification, Labeling and Packaging of Substances (Europe) Chemical Oxygen Demand Controlled Products Regulations (Canada) Delaware	NDSL NIOSH NJ NOEC NPRI NTP NY OEL OSHA	Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada) National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA) New Jersey No Observed Effect Concentration National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada) National Toxicity Program (USA) New York Occupational Exposure Limit Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
DOT DSL EC EC50	Department of Transportation (USA) Domestic Substance List (Canada) European Community Effective Community Effective Community	P-65 PA Pow	Proposition 65 (USA) Pennsylvania Octano-Water Partition Coefficient
ECSU EHA EPA a/cc	Effective Concentration 50% Extremely Hazardous Substance Environmental Protection Agency (USA) Grams per Cubic Centimeter	ppm psig RCRA REL	Parts per Million Pounds per Square Inch Gage Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA) Recommended Exposure Limit
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RQ	Reportable Quantity Right to Know Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant	RTK	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	SARA	
IATA	International Air Transportation Association	SDS	Safety Data Sheet
IC50	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	SOCMI	Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry (USA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	STOT-RE	Suspected Target Organ Toxin, Repeat Exposure
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	STOT-SE	Suspected Target Organ Toxin, Single Exposure
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
Kow	Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient	TAP	Toxic Air Pollutant
lbs/gal	Pounds per Gallon	TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada) Theoretical Oxygen Demand Threshold Limit Value Threshold Planning Quantity
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%	ThOD	
LD50	Lethal Dosage 50%	TLV	
MA	Massachusetts	TPQ	
MAK	Maximale Arbeitsplatz Konzentration (Maximum Workplace Concentration)	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)
Max	Maximum	TWA	Time Weighted Average
mg/L	Milligrams per Litre	TWAEV	Time Weighted Average Exposure Value
mg/m3	Milligrams per Cubic Meter	VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
MN MPEL-PTA	Minnesota Maximum Permissible Exposure Limit on Pondered Time Average	WA WEL WHMIS WI WV	Washington Workplace Exposure Limit Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada) Wisconsin West Virginia